

False Teachers: There are _____.

They are insubordinate. They despise _____. (2 Peter 2:10)

They are empty talkers. They speak “_____.” (2 Peter 2:18)

They are deceivers. They prophesy _____. (Jeremiah 23:26)

Where does this deception come from?

1. _____ of established nominal Christian churches (Galatians 1:7)
2. _____ invading the Church (Colossians 2:8)
3. _____ from within the Church (2 Peter 2:1)

False teachers must be silenced. Why?

1. They teach _____. (Jeremiah 23:32, 1 Timothy 4:1)
2. They do it _____. (2 Peter 2:3, 14)
3. They upset _____. (2 Timothy 3:6, 1 Timothy 6:10, Ephesians 4:14)

False teachers must be silenced. But how?

1. _____ and _____ speech. (Colossians 4:6; Titus 2:8)
2. By doing _____. (1 Peter 2:15)
3. By making a _____ with _____ and _____. (1 Peter 3:15)
4. By not being _____ but _____. (2 Timothy 2:24)

Since some in the church might fall for the deception, Paul says, “rebuke them _____, that they may be _____ in the faith.”

Sometimes we need someone in our lives to have the _____ to tell us when we're _____, when we're _____ with _____, when we're _____ to what is _____.

To the pure, all things are _____, but to the defiled and unbelieving, _____ is pure...

False teachers _____ to know God, but they _____ him by their works.

“Behold, the _____ of God, who _____ the sin of the world!”

“Behold, the _____ of God, who _____ the sin of the world!”

vs.

“Behold, the _____ of God, who _____ the sin of the world!”

God used faithful ones to stand firm in the _____ and to preserve the _____ and the _____ for future generations.

We also have a _____ to preserve the purity of the gospel for our _____ and _____. (2 Timothy 1:9-14)

The Epistle to Titus: _____ on one side, _____ on the other, and an _____ all around, whose hope and faith is in the _____ who never _____. (1:2)